



# Daily Iraq .Xplored report 05 March 2017

# Prepared by Risk Analysis Team, Iraq

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# **GARDAVORLD**

# **ACTIVITY MAP**



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## **OUTLOOK**

#### Short term outlook

- As the Mosul operation continues, there is a heightened risk of high-profile attacks in permissive areas across Iraq including Baghdad, Samarra and Diyala, as IS retains intent to stoke sectarian tensions and force a redeployment of ISF resources away from Mosul. This was underlined by the coordinated VBIED attacks in Baghdad City in January and February and a recent increase in IS attributed attacks in Salah ad-Din province. IS may also attempt to increase their attack tempo in eastern Anbar, the cities of Ramadi and Fallujah still remain susceptible to high-profile attacks.
- The complex attack in Najaf on January 01 underlines that IS retains intent and capability for attacks in the southern provinces, and is likely to cause an increased security posture in the short term. The region remains assessed as non-permissive for IS to significantly escalate operations as IS sympathizers remain politically isolated.
- The security footprint and other local factors in the south, particularly in Baghdad, will severely constrain IS ability to mount sustained complex attacks of the sort seen in the north and the west of the country, though the threat from low-level IED and SAF attacks remains unaltered. There may be an increased level of ISF deliberate actions to disrupt and deter insurgent and criminal activity during the Mosul operation, especially in the northern areas of Baghdad province.

## Medium to long term outlook

- In the absence of a concerted effort to engage radical tribes in Sunni dominated areas currently under IS control, it is possible that the post-IS security environment will be characterized by sectarian flash points between radical Sunni tribes and Shia militia groups especially in Nineveh province and western Kirkuk. Limited reporting has already pointed to displaced Sunni families being advised or directed to leave Kirkuk.
- Low-level incidents related to criminality, personal disputes and tribal tensions are likely to continue in Basra and the southern provinces in general. This is assessed to be facilitated by the dispatch of large segments of the security forces to the frontlines up north. Long-term tensions are also likely to be driven by the return of Shia militia factions likely expecting material and social rewards for the contribution in the national campaign against IS.
- While the Mosul operation has refocused attention away from Abadi's reform program, the risk of politically motivated demonstrations against corruption in front of government institutions remains extant.

Member











## LATEST DEVELOPMENTS

#### **Mosul Tactical Update**

ISF announced that 'dozens' of militants had been killed in fighting in al-Dandan, previously reported as recaptured. Federal Police Units claim to have destroyed five VBIEDs in al-Tayaran district, immediately north of the airport. Air and mortar strikes have been reported around the city, two of which have reportedly caused 19 civilian fatalities. Three others have reportedly killed IS commanders of unspecified seniority.

#### Iragi forces find IS radio headquarters in Mosul

Iraqi joint forces have found the headquarters of the Islamic State's AI-Bayan Radio and its transmission tower in Mosul, Al-Sumaria TV reported on 3 March. Quoting a security source in Nineveh Province, the report added that the militant group burnt the station down before the arrival of the Iraqi forces; however Iraqi forces subsequently found important media files in a nearby site. **COMMENT**: 'IS launched Al-Bayan in 2015. Its news bulletins appeared online in six languages: Arabic, English, French, Russian, Turkish and Kurdish. IS has also broadcast in Uighur and in languages spoken in Indonesia and the Balkans. The station has been off air since February 24, though some reports had claimed that the station was making intermittent broadcasts.' COMMENT ENDS.

#### HRW claims PMU forces forced families accused of IS association from their homes

Iraqi forces have forcibly displaced at least 125 families said to have familial ties or affiliation to IS, according to a Human Rights Watch (HRW) statement on March 5. HRW allege that Sunni tribal groups within the Popular Mobilization Units (PMUs) and Iraqi soldiers forced families out of their homes following the passage of a decree issued by local authorities. The families, all from Salah al-Din governorate, are being held against their will in a camp functioning as an open-air prison near Tikrit. The PMF are also reported to have also destroyed some of the family's homes in the area. The allegations were made by Lama Fakih, deputy Middle East director at HRW. Fakih called on the Iraqi government to protect those who have been 'found guilty by association' rather than allowing them to be subject to retribution.

As an example, Fakih stated that local PMF forces destroyed hundreds of homes in the village of al-Aithah in Salah al-Din province after they retook the area in September. Satellite imagery reviewed by HRW showed that between September 23 and October 23, 2016, 220 homes in the village were destroyed by explosives and fire. Fakih pointed out that the intentional or wanton destruction of civilian property is unlawful unless the property is being used for a military purpose. Destroying property merely to punish the population is always prohibited. Iraqi federal authorities should investigate any intentional destruction or looting of civilian property, punish those responsible - including those in command control at the time of such acts who failed to prevent the crimes - if abuses are found, and compensate victims, Human Rights Watch said. **COMMENT**: 'In August 2016, the Salah al-Din governorate council passed a decree stating that anyone proven to have been complicit or affiliated with IS has no right to return to the governorate. The decree also orders the expulsion of immediate relatives of ISmembers from Salah al-Din for 10 years to life, and says that they are only allowed to return if they are deemed safe." The decree establishes a committee to seize IS-affiliates' property and suspend their, and their families, provision cards. Families that kill their IS-affiliated relatives, or hand them over to the Iraqi authorities, are exempted.' COMMENT ENDS.

#### Iraqi minister criticises UN for lack of action over Mosul displaced

In a statement on March 4, Jassem Mohammed Jaff, the minister of displacement and migration sharply criticized UN efforts to aid civilians fleeing fighting in west Mosul, even as the UN insisted that providing such assistance was the top priority. Jaff stated that there was a clear shortfall in UN efforts to assist those displaced by the fighting in Mosul. Asked to elaborate, Jaff stated that the UN 'talks a lot' but the efforts being made are little, despite the huge amount of money in their possession. More than 50,000 people have fled west Mosul since the push to retake it was launched, Jaff added. In response, Lise Grande, the UN's humanitarian

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coordinator in Iraq stated that the UN, which has been providing shelter, food and other assistance to Iraqis who have fled Mosul during the nearly five-month-long battle; she added that the UN it is working as fast as possible to help those displaced. Grande also pointed out that the UN and associated agencies had been rushing to construct new facilities to house those expected to be displaced from western Mosul.













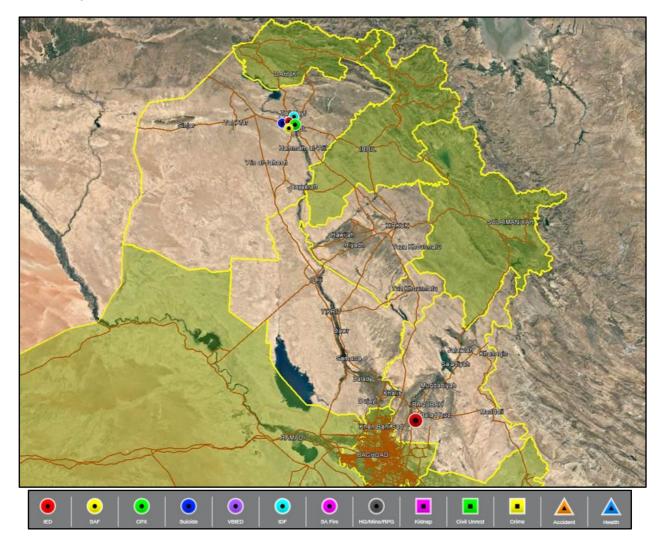




# DAILY OPERATIONAL ASSESSMENT

# **Countrywide Military/Security Situation Update**

#### **Northern Iraq**



Two ISF members were killed when an IED detonated as they were attempting to clear it in Buhriz district, southern Baqubah, in Diyala province. No other security related events have been reported outside of the Mosul operational area in this period.



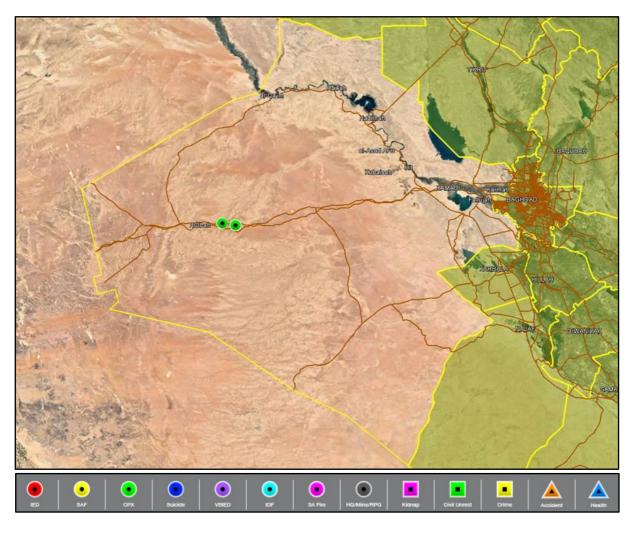






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#### Western Iraq



ISF have reportedly foiled two attacks on positions east of Rutbah; several militants were said to have been killed, one 'Technical' (4x4 with weapons mount) vehicle destroyed and another captured. No other security events were reported in Anbar in this period.



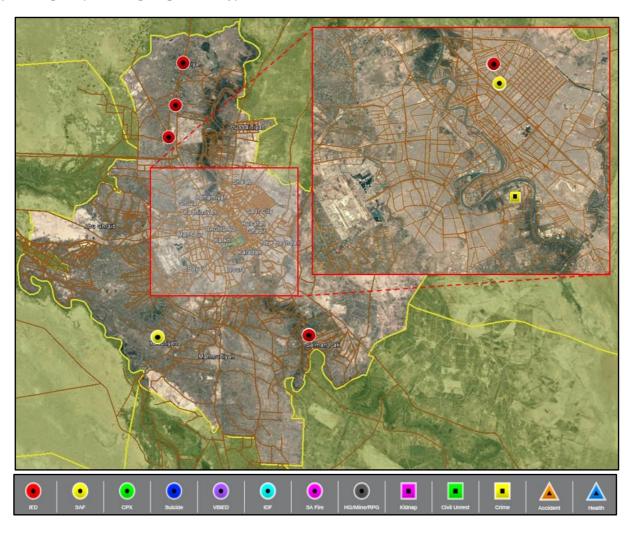








#### **Capital Region (Including Baghdad City)**



No security events of particular significance were reported in this period.

Two non-fatal IED detonations were reported in this period. One person was injured in an IED detonation near Taji industrial area in the north of the province, and two people were reportedly injured in an IED strike in Shaab, Adhamiyah, in the north of the city. However, reporting from March 03 has stated that one person was killed and three injured in an IED detonation near local markets in Mushada, Tarmiyah, also in the north of the province. Two people were also injured in another IED detonation near a fish market in Bawi village, Madain, in the province's south east.

In other activity, two civilians were reportedly killed in a drive-by shooting carried out by unidentified gunmen carrying suppressed weapons in Yusufiyah to the south of the city. Reporting from March 04 has stated that two men and four women were killed in a SAF attack likely carried out by 'religious militias' on a brothel in the Talbiyah area of the city's northern Adhamiyah district.

ISF have also reported the arrest of an individual arrested for passing counterfeit money in Dora, East Rashid, in the south of the city on March 05.



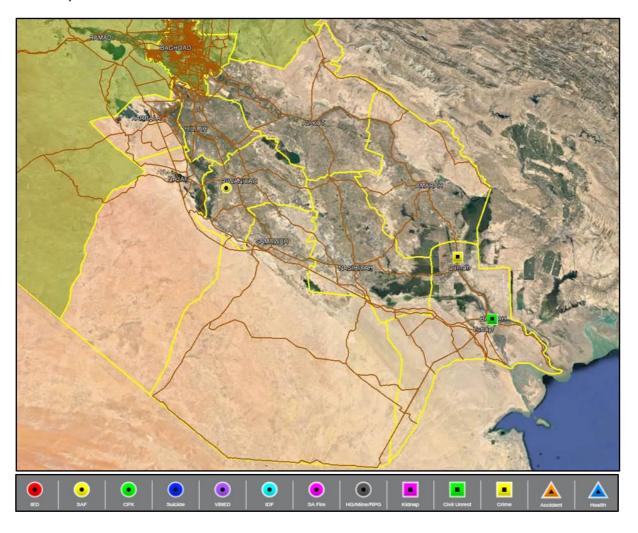








#### Southern Iraq



Dozens demonstrated in central Basra city over the establishment of a municipal waste facility in their neighbourhood, and three individuals were reportedly arrested on narcotics charges in Thaqir, in the north of the province

An individual was reportedly shot and killed by unidentified gunmen in Ghammas district, south west of Diwaniyah. Reporting indicates the shooting was linked to a tribal feud.











# SIGNIFICANT ATTACKS

## March 04, 2017

#### **Baghdad Province**

IED - One person was injured in an IED detonation near Taji industrial area in the north of the province

#### **Baghdad City**

IED - Two people were reportedly injured in an IED strike in Shaab, Adhamiyah, in the north of the city

SAF - Two civilians were reportedly killed in a drive by shooting carried out by unidentified gunmen carrying suppressed weapons in Yusufiyah district, southern Baghdad.

#### March 03, 2017

#### **Baghdad Province**

IED - One person was killed and three injured in an IED detonation near local markets in Mushada, Tarmiyah, in the north of the province

IED - Two people were injured when an IED detonated near a fish market in Bawi village, Madain, in the south east of the province

#### **Baghdad City**

SAF - Two men and four women were reportedly killed in a SAF attack carried out by unidentified gunmen from 'religious militias' on a brothel in the Talibiyah area of Adhamiyah district

PSC.1-2012











## **ACRONYM LIST**

AAH - Asaib Ahl al Haq (League of the Righteous - Iranianbacked Shi'a militia)

AAS - Ansar Al Sunna (Sunni insurgent group)

All - Area of Intelligence Interest

AKA - Also Known As AO - Area of Operations

APC - Armored Personnel Carrier

APIED - Anti-Personnel IED

AQ - Al-Qaeda AQI - Al Qaeda in Iraq

AQIZAM - Al-Qaeda in Iraq and Associated Movements

AT - Anti-Tank

ATGW - Anti Tank Guided Weapon

AVIED - Anti-Vehicle IED

BaOC - Basra Operational Command

BBIED - Body Borne IED

Bde - Brigade

BIAP - Baghdad International Airport

Bn - Battalion

**BOC** - Baghdad Operational Command

**BXP** - Border Crossing Point CDF - Civil Defense Force CET - Convoy Escort Team

**CLC - Concerned Local Citizens** 

CoP - Chief of Police

CoR - Council of Representatives (Iraqi Parliament)

CP - Check Point

C-PERS - Captured Personnel

CPX - Complex Attack (an attack using multiple weapon

CQA - Close Quarter Assassination/Attack

DBS - Drive by Shooting DGS - De-gassing Station

Div - Division

DoD - Department of Defense DoS - Department of State DoS - US Department of State

DS - Drill Site

ECP - Entry Control Point

ECP - Entry Control Point (IZ, BIAP) EFP - Explosively Formed Projectile

EOD - Explosive Ordinance Disposal (Bomb Squad) ERB - Emergency Response Battalion (Iragi Police)

ERW - Explosive Remnants of War FoM - Freedom of Movement

FP - Federal Police Gol - Government of Iraq Gol - Government of Iraq

HCN - Host Country National

HG - Hand Grenade

HME - Home Made Explosive HMG - Heavy Machine Gun HVT - High Value Target

IA - Iraqi Army

IC - International Community ICF - International Coalition Force IDF - Indirect Fire (i.e.: rockets, mortars) IDP - Internally Displaced Persons

IEC - Independent Electoral Commission

IED - Improvised Explosive Device

IKR - Iraqi Kurdish Region

IM - International Military

IOC - International Oil Company

IPS - Iraqi Police Service

IRAM - Improvised Rocket Assisted Mortar IRGC - Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps IRGC-QF - Iranian Republican Guard-Quds Force

(responsible for external operations: sponsor of Shi'a proxy militias)

IRGF - Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps - Ground Force

IRL - Improvised Rocket Launcher

IRQF - Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps - Qods Force

IS - Islamic State

ISCI - Islamic Supreme Council of Iraq (Shi'a party headed by al-Hakim)

ISF - Iraqi Security Forces

ISI - Islamic State of Iraq (Sunni Extremists, AQ affiliates)

ISIL - Al Qaeda in Iraq/Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant

ISIS - Islamic State of Iraq and Syria IVCP - Illegal Vehicle Check Point

IVO - In Vicinity Of IZ - International Zone

JAM - Jaish al-Mahdi, aka Mahdi Army (al-Sadr's militia)

JRTN - Jaish Rijal Tariq al-Naqshbandia (former Ba'athist

officers insurgent group)

KDP - Kurdistan Democratic Party (KRG Pres Barzani's

KH - Kataib Hezbollah (Shi'a militia)

KHI - Kataib Hezbollah al Iraq (Shi'a militia)

KIA - Killed in Action

KRG - Kurdish Regional Government

LH - Lebanese Hezbollah LN - Local National/Iragi Civilian LN - Local National/Iraqi Civilian

MAIED - Magnetically attached IED (aka UVIED) MAIED - Magnetically attached IED (aka UVIED)

MAS - Muqtada al-Sadr

MEK - Peoples' Mujahidin of Iran, aka MKO (Saddam

sponsored dissident group in exile in Iraq)

MIA - Missing in Action MoD - Ministry of Defense MoF - Ministry of Finance MoFA - Ministry of Foreign Affairs MoHE - Ministry of Higher Education

Mol - Ministry of Interior MoJ - Ministry of Justice MoO - Ministry of Oil

MoT - Ministry of Transportation

MSR - Main Supply Route

NEC - US New Embassy Compound, IZ, Baghdad

NFDK - No Further Details Known

NGO - Non-Governmental Organization (aid/charity)

NOC - Northern Oil Company NSTR - Nothing Significant To Report OCG - Organized Crime Group OPF - Oil Protection Force

OPF - Oil Protection Force

PAX - Person, Persons or Passenger

PBIED - Person-Borne Improvised Explosive Device (UN

PDB - Promised Day Brigade (al-Sadr's personal militia)

PJAK - Kurdish Freedom Party

PKK - Kurdistan Workers' Party (IKR militia fighting in Turkey)

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PMC - Popular Mobilization Committee (Shia Militia)

PMF - Popular Mobilization Force (Shia Militia)

PMU - Popular Mobilization Unit (Shia Militia)

Pol - Point of Impact (for IDF)

PoO - Point of Origin (for IDF)

PSAF - Precision Small Arms Fire

PSC - Private Security Company

PSD - Private Security Detail

PUK - Patriotic Union of Kurdistan (President Talabani's

party)

RCIED - Remote-Controlled IED

RPG - Rocket Propelled Grenade

RTA - Road Traffic Accident

SAF - Small Arms Fire

SAFIRE - Surface to Air FIRE

Sahwa/SoI - Sahwa/Sons of Iraqi (Militia wing of Sunni tribal

Awakening Council).

SF - Special Forces

SOC - Southern Oil Company

SoL - State of Law (PM Maliki's Shi'a-led coalition)

SVBIED - Suicide Vehicle Borne IED

SVEST - Suicide Explosive Worn Vest

TCN - Third Country National

TCP - Traffic Control Point

Technical - An improvised weapon-mounted pick-up truck

TTP - Tactics, Techniques and Practices

USF-I - United States Forces - Iraq

USF-I - - US Forces-Iraq (until December 2011)

USM-I - US Mission Iraq (DoS & DoD)

UVIED - Under Vehicle IED

**UXO - Unexploded Ordnance** 

VBIED - Vehicle Borne IED















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